

# Session 7 Navigating the Policy Territory: Shaping Assessment Consequences

Reidy Interactive Learning Series (RILS) Conference Portsmouth, NH, September 26-27, 2024 AC Marriott Hotel



#### **Access RILS Resources at:**

https://sites.google.com/nciea.org/rils2024







### **Overview**



# Panelist Presentations 30'

Moderated Panel

30

Join by Web

PollEv.com/cassessment154

Join by Text

Send cassessment154 and your message to 22333



# **Panelists**





Peter Zamora
Council of Chief
State School Officers



**Stephen Pruitt**Southern Regional
Education Board



**Lillian Pace** KnowledgeWorks



# **Part 1: Panelist Presentations**





### **Federal Update**

Peter Zamora

Director of Federal Relations and Policy

Council of Chief State School Officers

# **TOPICS**

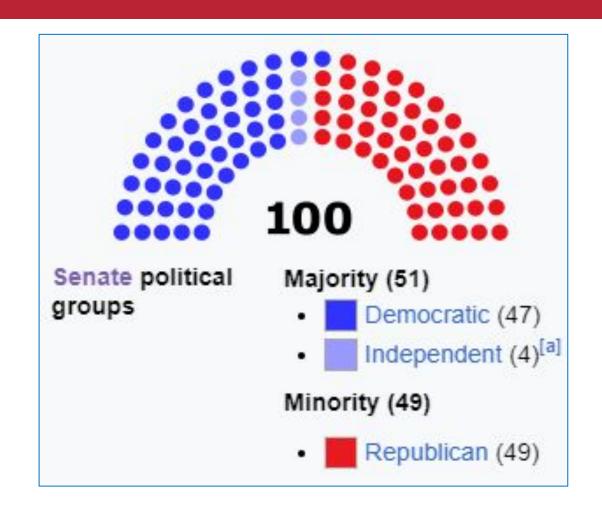
# **#** Federal Assessment Policy

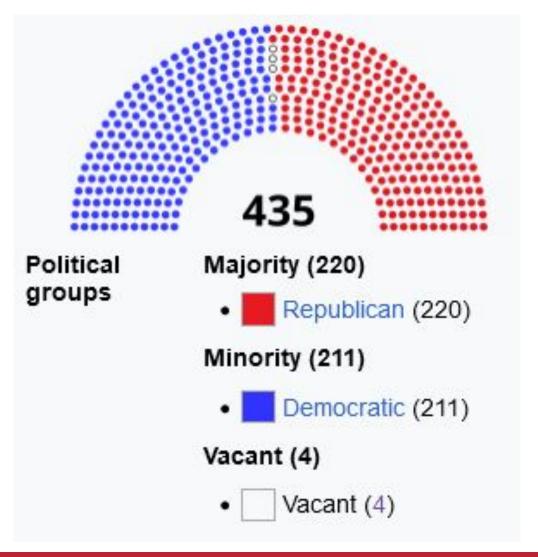
- Fiscal Year 2025 Appropriations
- U.S. Department of Education
- Bills re: ESEA Assessment

#### **#** Conclusions



# A NARROWLY DIVIDED CONGRESS



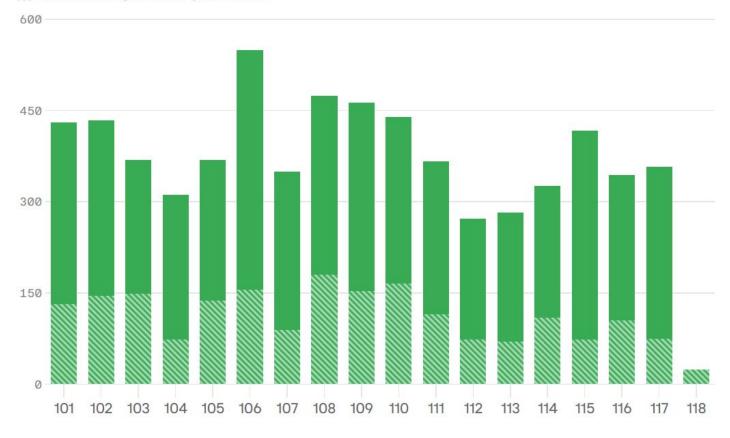


# A VERY UNPRODUCTIVE CONGRESS

#### Bills enacted, by congressional session

101st Congress (1989) to 118th Congress (2023); As of Dec. 18, 2023

Enacted in first year of two-year session



# **EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS**

	FY 2024 (Bipartisan)	House Committee FY 2025 (Partisan)	Senate Committee FY 2025 (Bipartisan)
Title I	\$18.4 billion	\$14.6 billion and rescinds \$.9 billion from FY 2024	\$18.7 billion
Title II	\$2.2 billion	\$0	\$2.2 billion
Title III	\$890 million	\$0	\$895 million
Title IV, Part A	\$1.4 billion	\$1.4 billion	\$1.4 billion
IDEA, Part B – Grants to States	\$14.2 billion	\$14.2 billion	\$14.5 billion
State Assessments (-\$10m FY24 v. FY23)	\$380 million	\$0	\$380 million

# BUDGET AND APPROPS TAKEAWAYS

**\*** Challenging federal fiscal climate

**#** In FY 24, larger programs level-funded or slightly increased

**#** Grants for State Assessments received slight cut (CGSA)

With federal COVID relief funds expiring, fiscal pressures on states and districts will soon increase

#### **COMPETITIVE GRANTS FOR STATE ASSESSMENT**

- **#** FY 24 (approx. \$30m):
  - 10 awards (AR, CT, IN, KS, MA, MN, MO, MT, NE, NC)
  - Multiple measures of student learning
  - Competency-based education

- **#** FY 25 Biden budget:
  - Proposed \$390 million state assessment grants, \$20.9 million CGSA
  - CGSA: High-Quality Formative and Diagnostic Assessments

# INNOVATIVE ASSESSMENT DEMONSTRATION AUTHORITY (IADA)

Secretary's 11/20/23 Dear Colleague Letter to Chiefs:

- **%** Lifts cap on # of states
- **#** Clarifies methods to demonstrate comparability
- **%** Clarifies timelines, planning period



- **#** CCSSO has expressed concern about burden to states
  - No states applied in most recent window

# UNITED STATES CONGRESS

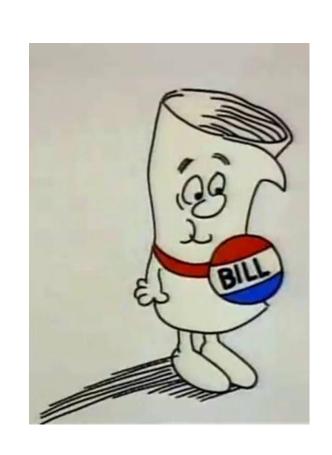


- **#** ESEA reauthorization NOT imminent
- No recent K-12 hearings focused on assessment policy

- **\*\* Members of Congress have introduced** "marker legislation"
- Policy consensus has not yet emerged

# THE MORE TEACHING, LESS TESTING ACT, H.R. 1741

- **\*\*** Lead Sponsor Rep. Jamaal Bowman (D-NY)
- Would amend ESEA to allow states to decide whether to assess as they do now under current law, use a sampling approach, or assess once in each grade span
- \*\* Would prohibit states from using assessment results as sole or dominant factor in grade retention, high school graduation, or teacher evaluation



# H.R. 1741 ENDORSEMENTS

**25** cosponsors (all Ds), including leaders from Congressional Black, Hispanic, and Progressive Caucuses

Endorsed by NAACP, Education Law Center, AFT and NEA, National Indian Education Association, First Focus Campaign for Children

 Opposed by Education Trust, Consortium for Constituents with Disabilities, SchoolHouse Connection, Teach Plus

#### THE MAKE EDUCATION LOCAL ACT OF 2023, H.R. 1185



- Would allow states to consolidate ESEA and other K-12 federal education grants
- Would eliminate ESEA assessment and accountability requirements
- Would require annual reporting of student performance data disaggregated by student groups, as determined by the state



### CONCLUSIONS

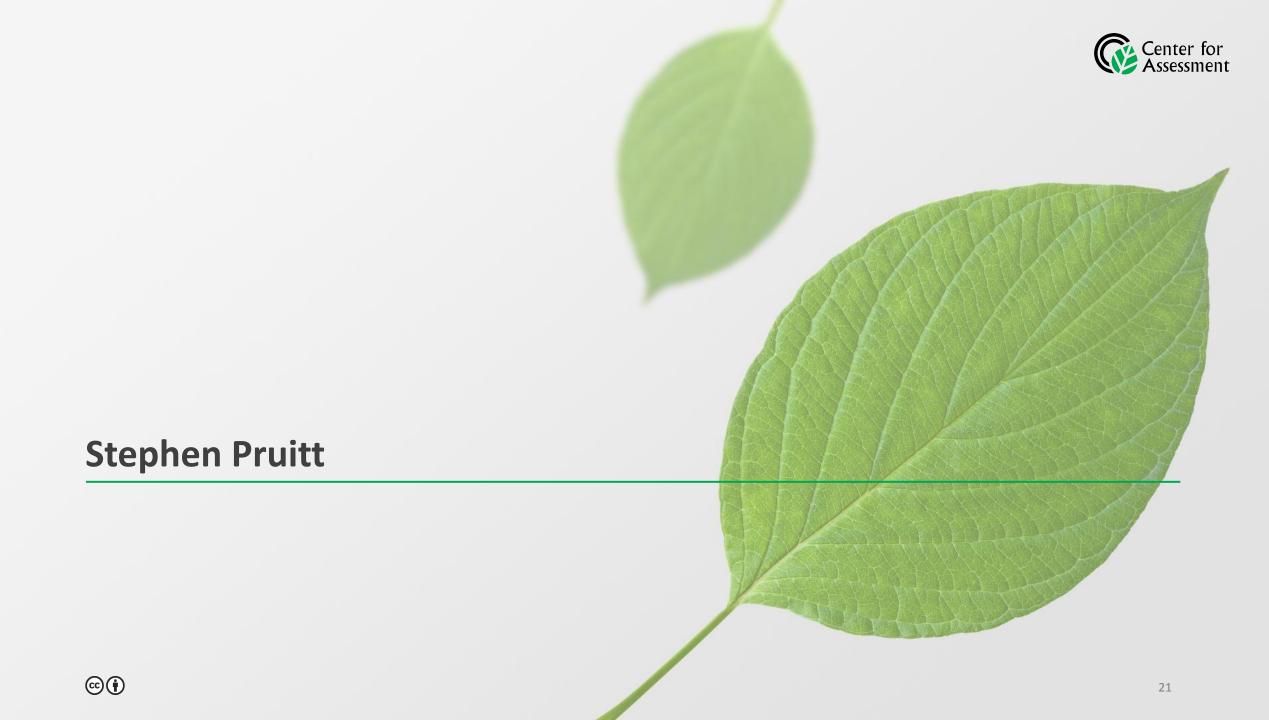
- **#** Congress not moving quickly to reauthorize ESEA
- **\*\*** New political and policy pressures, shifting coalitions
- # Federal inaction provides opportunity for innovation and consensus-building
- **#** Let's work together to influence and improve federal policy

### **Federal Update**

Peter Zamora

Director of Federal Relations and Policy

Council of Chief State School Officers



# SREB

# Navigating the Policy Territory: Shaping Assessment Consequences

**September 22, 2024** 

Stephen L. Pruitt, Ph.D. President

# Pruitt's Guiding Principles

- Education isn't rocket science; rocket science is easier
- No great education idea ever died in the vision phase
- Silver bullets are only good for werewolves
- Education policy is a mosaic, who can see the picture?
- Good or bad communication, still communicates your priorities



# Policy Levers

- Make a state plan, not a federal plan
  - Perkins-WIOA Combined Plans
- Education to Workforce System
  - ESSA-Perkins-WIOA
- Manage change but have urgency
  - ☐ ESSA Opportunity Quotient
- Feedback and research loops
  - ☐ Amendment Process
- You will feel, and may be, alone
  - Science Assessment

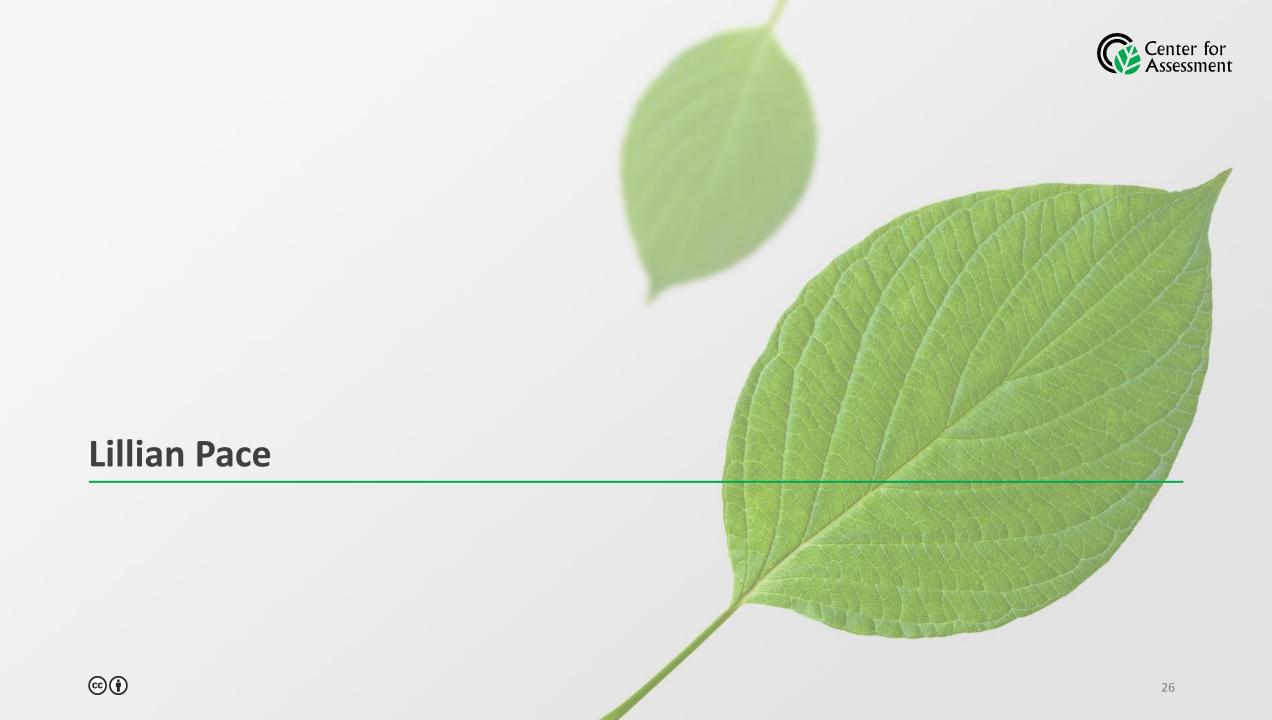
# SREB

Stephen L. Pruitt, Ph.D. President

Stephen.Pruitt@sreb.org

Southern Regional Education Board

SREB.org



# Advancing State Assessment Innovation

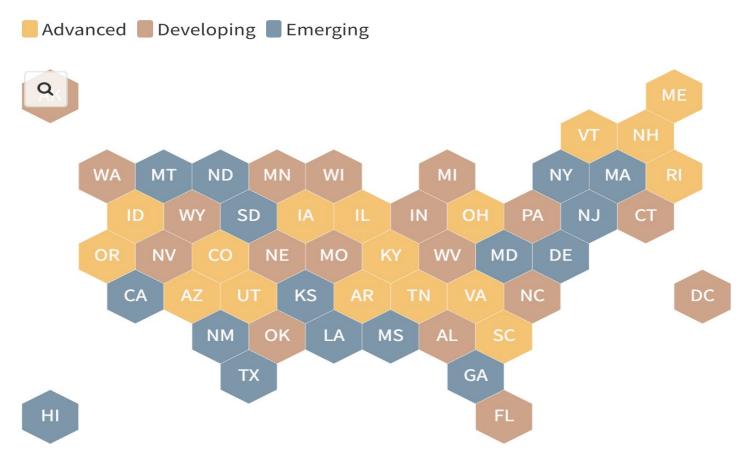
Lillian Pace VP, Policy and Strategic Advancement KnowledgeWorks



# What is the current state of assessment innovation?



# All 50 States Now Advancing CBE



# Policy Shifts Are Enabling Innovation

#### **Accountability**



States allowing graduation requirements to be satisfied through student-centered assessment options.

#### **Supporting All Students**



States introducing legislation in 2023 that aligned with the KnowledgeWorks policy framework.

#### **School Improvement**



States creating innovation schools or zones.

# Rising Demand for Federal CGSA Funding

Year	Funding (Millions)	States Awarded	Total Applications
2016	\$8.8	2	Not available
2019	\$17.6	3	Not available
2020	\$12.3	5	Not available
2022	\$29.2	11	16
2024	\$30	10	20

# Federal Policymakers "Define" Assessment Innovation

#### CGSA 2022 and 2024 Absolute Priorities:

- Measuring student academic achievement using multiple measures from multiple sources
- Performance and technology-based academic assessments, computer adaptive assessments, projects, or extended performance task assessments that measure standards and competencies in a competency-based education model.

# **Assessment Trends**

### Federal-Aligned Systems

- Through-year/course
- Performance-based
- Culturally-responsive
- Curriculum-embedded

### **State Systems**

- Performance-based graduation requirements
  - –Mastery of state graduation profiles
- Local performance assessments in non-federally tested subjects

# A Path Forward



# Transformation Demands Inspiration



# **State Transformation Pathway**

Engage field to co-create vision

Build capacity;
Pilot first within state system

Leverage CGSA and state funding

Explore federal flexibility (IADA or waiver)

Study, refine, and share lessons



Lillian Pace
VP, Policy &Strategic Advancement
pacel@knowledgeworks.org



# **Part 2: Moderated Panel**





# **Submit Your Questions!**



Join by Web

PollEv.com/cassessment154

Join by Text

Send cassessment154 and your message to 22333

Join by QR code Scan with your camera app





# Session 7 Navigating the Policy Territory: Shaping Assessment Consequences

Reidy Interactive Learning Series (RILS) Conference Portsmouth, NH, September 26-27, 2024 AC Marriott Hotel